## Pearson Edexcel

Mark Scheme (Results)

November 2022

Pearson Edexcel GCSE
In Mathematics (1MA1)
Foundation (Calculator) Paper 3F

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## General marking guidance

These notes offer general guidance, but the specific notes for examiners appertaining to individual questions take precedence.
1 All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the last candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the first.
Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded; exemplification/indicative content will not be exhaustive. When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the response should be sent to review.

2 All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded; mark schemes should be applied positively. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme. If there is a wrong answer (or no answer) indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams), and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.

Questions where working is not required: In general, the correct answer should be given full marks.
Questions that specifically require working: In general, candidates who do not show working on this type of question will get no marks - full details will be given in the mark scheme for each individual question.

3 Crossed out work
This should be marked unless the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

4 Choice of method
If there is a choice of methods shown, mark the method that leads to the answer given on the answer line.
If no answer appears on the answer line, mark both methods then award the lower number of marks.
5 Incorrect method
If it is clear from the working that the "correct" answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks. Send the response to review for your Team Leader to check.

6 Follow through marks
Follow through marks which involve a single stage calculation can be awarded without working as you can check the answer, but if ambiguous do not award.
Follow through marks which involve more than one stage of calculation can only be awarded on sight of the relevant working, even if it appears obvious that there is only one way you could get the answer given.

## 7 I gnoring subsequent work

It is appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work does not change the answer in a way that is inappropriate for the question or its context. (eg an incorrectly cancelled fraction when the unsimplified fraction would gain full marks).
It is not appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work essentially makes the answer incorrect (eg. incorrect algebraic simplification).

8 Probability
Probability answers must be given as a fraction, percentage or decimal. If a candidate gives a decimal equivalent to a probability, this should be written to at least 2 decimal places (unless tenths),
Incorrect notation should lose the accuracy marks, but be awarded any implied method marks.
If a probability fraction is given then cancelled incorrectly, ignore the incorrectly cancelled answer.
9 Linear equations
Unless indicated otherwise in the mark scheme, full marks can be gained if the solution alone is given on the answer line, or otherwise unambiguously identified in working (without contradiction elsewhere). Where the correct solution only is shown substituted, but not identified as the solution, the accuracy mark is lost but any method marks can be awarded (embedded answers).

## 10 Range of answers

Unless otherwise stated, when an answer is given as a range (eg 3.5-4.2) then this is inclusive of the end points (eg 3.5, 4.2) and all numbers within the range

## 11 Number in brackets after a calculation

Where there is a number in brackets after a calculation eg $2 \times 6(=12)$ then the mark can be awarded either for the correct method, implied by the calculation or for the correct answer to the calculation.

12 Use of inverted commas
Some numbers in the mark scheme will appear inside inverted commas eg " 12 " $\times 50$; the number in inverted commas cannot be any number - it must come from a correct method or process but the candidate may make an arithmetic error in their working.

13 Word in square brackets
Where a word is used in square brackets eg [area] $\times 1.5$ : the value used for [area] does not have to come from a correct method or process but is the value that the candidate believes is the area. If there are any constraints on the value that can be used, details will be given in the mark scheme.

## 14 Misread

If a candidate misreads a number from the question. eg uses 252 instead of 255 ; method or process marks may be awarded provided the question has not been simplified. Examiners should send any instance of a suspected misread to review.

## Guidance on the use of abbreviations within this mark scheme

M method mark awarded for a correct method or partial method
P process mark awarded for a correct process as part of a problem solving question
A accuracy mark (awarded after a correct method or process; if no method or process is seen then full marks for the question are implied but see individual mark schemes for more details)

C communication mark awarded for a fully correct statement(s) with no contradiction or ambiguity

B unconditional accuracy mark (no method needed)
oe or equivalent
cao correct answer only
ft follow through (when appropriate as per mark scheme)
sc special case
dep dependent (on a previous mark)
indep independent
awrt answer which rounds to
isw ignore subsequent working

| Paper: 1MA1/3F |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Question | Answer | Mark | Mark scheme | Additional guidance |
| 1 | $\begin{gathered} 0.408,0.41,0.46, \\ 0.5 \end{gathered}$ | B1 | for 0.408, 0.41, 0.46, 0.5 | Accept written in reverse order |
| 2 | 2000 | B1 | cao | Accept two (2) thousand(s) or just thousand(s) |
| 3 | 0.8 | B1 | cao |  |
| 4 | 19 | B1 | cao |  |
| 5 | 18 | B1 | cao |  |
| $6 \quad \text { (a) }$ | 6 <br> May, October | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { B1 } \\ & \text { B1 } \end{aligned}$ | cao <br> cao |  |
| 7 | 145.60 | P1 <br> P1 <br> A1 | for a process to work out the value of the large bars eg $208 \div 4$ ( $=52$ or 5200 ) <br> for a process to work out the value of the small bars $\operatorname{eg}(208-" 52 ") \times 60$ or $\left(1-\frac{1}{4}\right) \times 208 \times 60(=9360$ or $93.6(0))$ or for 145.6 <br> for 145.60 cao (must be correct money notation) | units may be ignored for the process marks <br> work could be in pence or $£$ |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \hline 8 & \text { (a) } \\ & \text { (b) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 102 \\ 82 \end{gathered}$ | B1 <br> M1 <br> A1 | cao <br> for a method of extracting the correct 4 numbers from the table, adding all 4 numbers and then dividing by 4 $\operatorname{eg}(143+121+45+19) \div 4 \text { or " } 328 \text { " } \div 4$ <br> cao |  |


| Paper: 1MA1/3F |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Question | Answer | Mark | Mark scheme | Additional guidance |
| 9 (a) <br> (b) <br> (c) | $\begin{gathered} (-1,2) \\ (1,4) \text { marked } \\ y=-3 \text { shown } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{B} 1 \\ & \mathrm{~B} 1 \\ & \mathrm{~B} 1 \end{aligned}$ | cao <br> for the point $(1,4)$ unambiguously marked on the grid for correct line unambiguously marked | need not be labelled if clear need not be labelled if clear accept a line drawn freehand |
| 10 (i) <br> (ii) | terms given explanation | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{B} 1 \\ & \mathrm{C} 1 \end{aligned}$ | states two terms eg 11, 10 or 9,6 <br> explanation <br> Acceptable examples <br> Take away 2 then 1 ; take away 4 then 3 <br> The difference goes down by 1 each time $-4,-3 ;-2,-1$ <br> The differences are 4 and 3 ; the differences are 2 and 1 <br> Not acceptable examples <br> It goes down by 1 each time <br> An algebraic rule | May be written on the sequence with no contradiction elsewhere |
| 11 | 160 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { A1 } \end{aligned}$ | for $8 \times 5 \times 4$ cao |  |
| 12 | 1:6:3 | M1 A1 | for any two algebraic statements from $x, 6 x, 6 x / 2$ oe or any two numbers as a correct ratio eg $1: 6$ or $6: 3$ or $1: 3$ oe or any 3 -term ratio using the numbers 1,6 and 3 oe | For any equivalent ratio. |

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Paper: 1MA1/3F} \\
\hline Question \& Answer \& Mark \& Mark scheme \& Additional guidance \\
\hline 13 (a)(i) \& 40 \& B1 \& cao \& \\
\hline (ii) \& Reason \& C1 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Reason given \\
Angles in a quadrilateral add up to 360 . Accept " 4 -sided shape"
\end{tabular} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{Underlined words need to be shown.} \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(b)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Explanation} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{C1} \& Explanation \& \\
\hline \& \& \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Acceptable examples
\[
190>180
\] \\
It does not add up to 180
\[
80+60+50=190
\] \\
Angles in a triangle add up to 180 \\
Not acceptable examples One of the angles needs to be less You cannot draw this triangle
\end{tabular} \& \\
\hline 14 (a) \& 30 \& B1 \& cao \& \\
\hline (b) \& 2238 to 2296 \& M1

A1 \& | for a complete method eg attempts to read from the graph at a factor of 80 and scales up to 80 using a correct scale or attempts to read from the graph using numbers that sum to 80 and finds the sum of their readings or attempts to read from the graph a number that they then go on to scale up to 80 using a correct scaling factor |
| :--- |
| for an answer in the range 2238 to 2296 | \& Condone some inaccuracy in reading from the graph, which should be given to within the nearest 50 g <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

| Paper: 1MA1/3F |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Question | Answer | Mark | Mark scheme | Additional guidance |
| 15 | Yes (supported) | P1 | for finding the cost of 1 kg of <br> carrots <br> eg $1.74 \div 3(=0.58)$ for finding the cost of 1 kg onions <br> eg $2 .(00) \div 4(=0.5)$ | for all P marks can work in pence or in £ |
|  |  | P1 | for isolating the cost of 2.5 kg of <br> onions <br> eg $2.36-(2 \times " 0.58 ")(=1.2(0))$ for finding the cost of 2.5 kg of onions <br> eg $2.5 \times " 0.5 "(=1.25)$ |  |
|  |  | P1 | for the cost of 1 kg of onions or for finding the cost of 2 kg of carrots <br> 0.5 kg of onions, eg $2.36-$ " 1.25 " $(=1.11)$ <br> eg "1.20" $\div 2.5(=0.48)$  <br> or "1.20" $\div 5(=0.24)$  <br> or for $4 \div 2.5(=1.6)$  |  |
|  |  | P1 | for the cost of 4 kg of onions, for finding the cost of 3 kg of carrots <br> $\mathrm{eg} 4 \times " 0.48 "$  <br> or $8 \times " 0.24 "(=1.92)$ eg "1.11" $\div 2 \times 3(=1.665)$ for comparison <br> or for " $1.6 " \times 1.2(0) "$ with 1.74 |  |
|  |  | C1 | Yes with correct figures shown eg 192 or 1.92 or "has 8 p left" or 166.5 | Allow comparison of mixed units eg 192 with $£ 2$ |


| Paper: 1MA1/3F |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Question | Answer | Mark | Mark scheme | Additional guidance |
| 16 | Comments | C1 <br> C1 | makes some comment about the labels <br> Acceptable examples <br> states what labels should be (not angles) <br> labels are missing <br> The label in the table does not match the label with the pie chart <br> Not acceptable examples <br> angles not marked on the pie chart <br> comments about the inaccuracy of the angles in the pie chart Acceptable examples <br> pie chart is not accurate / should be 108, 126,126 <br> angles drawn inaccurately <br> They haven't converted the number of potatoes to angles <br> Need to scale the numbers in the table <br> Not acceptable examples <br> pie chart is wrong/ sectors are the wrong size <br> (the angles) do not add up to 360 |  |
| 17 (a) <br> (b) | $\begin{aligned} & 87600 \\ & 13.524 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B1 } \\ & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { A1 } \end{aligned}$ | cao <br> for 33.81 or 2.5 or $\frac{3381}{250}$ or digits 13524 cao |  |
| 18 | Rotation drawn | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B2 } \\ & \text { (B1 } \end{aligned}$ | correct shape drawn at $(2,-1),(2,-4),(4,-2),(4,-1)$ <br> for a correct shape drawn clockwise $90^{\circ}$ about $(0,0)$ or a shape drawn in the correct quadrant with the correct orientation or a shape with at least 3 vertices correct |  |

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Paper: 1MA1/3F} \\
\hline Question \& Answer \& Mark \& Mark scheme \& Additional guidance \\
\hline 19 (a) \& 15 \& B1 \& \& \\
\hline (b) \& 4.6 \& B1 \& for an answer in the range 4.4 to 4.8 \& \\
\hline (c) \& 12 \& M1 \& for a method to calculate speed eg distance \(\div\) time (could be implied from figures used) eg \(4 \div 20(=0.2)\) oe, \(4 \div 0.33(\ldots)\) oe or \(4 \div 1 / 3\) oe \& Accept readings from the graph as an indication at this stage \\
\hline \& \& A1 \& cao \& \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{20} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{100 g butter 25 g sugar 1 egg} \& P1
P1 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
for process to find the amount needed of one ingredient for 25 scones \\
for process to find the amount needed for at least three ingredients for 25 scones or for process to find the correct amount more for at least two of butter, sugar, eggs
\end{tabular} \& amount needed: 200 g butter 875 flour 75 sugar 5 eggs \\
\hline \& \& P1 \& for complete process to find amount more for each of butter, sugar, eggs \& \\
\hline \& \& C1 \& for correct amounts more shown for butter, sugar, eggs \& Flour can be excluded, but no incorrect information about flour should be given. \\
\hline 21 \& \(a=\frac{p+9}{3}\) \& M1

A1 \& for correct first step to rearrange eg $p+9=3 a-9+9$ or $\frac{p}{3}=\frac{3 a-9}{3}$ oe or answer ambiguously shown eg $a=p+9 \div 3$ or given as $\frac{p+9}{3}$ oe oe \& May be seen in different equivalent forms but must be carried out, not just intention seen. <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

| Paper: 1MA1/3F |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Question | Answer | Mark | Mark scheme | Additional guidance |  |  |  |  |
| 22 | Description | C1 | Identifies a mistake in the working <br> Acceptable examples <br> Rob should divide by 8 <br> He should have added the 3 and 5 first <br> He divided 120 by 3 and 5 instead of 8 <br> He did not do it as $120 \times \frac{3}{8}$ and $120 \times \frac{5}{8}$ <br> He did not add the two ratios first <br> Not acceptable examples <br> He has done it in two parts but he should do it in one The answer should be $45: 75$ <br> They do not add up to 120 <br> He is supposed to add his numbers <br> $40+24$ does not equal 120 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23 | 22 | P1P1 | $\left.\begin{array}{l\|l}\text { for process to find total choosing } & \begin{array}{l}\text { for process to find girls choosing French } \\ \text { German eg } 200-104-70(=26)\end{array} \\ & (44) \text { or total number of girls (110) }\end{array}\right]$for complete process to find boys choosing <br> choosing Spanish |  | F | S | G | total |
|  |  |  |  | girls | 44 | 48 | 18 | 110 |
|  |  |  |  | boys | 60 | 22 | 8 | 90 |
|  |  |  |  | total | 104 | 70 | 26 | 200 |
|  |  | A1 | cao |  |  |  |  |  |



| Paper: 1MA1/3F |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Question | Answer | Mark | Mark scheme | Additional guidance |
| $26$ <br> (a) <br> (b) | $\begin{gathered} 0.7 \\ 0.65,0.65 \\ 0.105 \end{gathered}$ | B1 <br> B1 <br> M1 <br> A1 | for 0.7 on the first branch <br> for $0.65,0.65$ on the second branches <br> for $0.3 \times 0.35$ <br> oe | Accept equivalent fractions or percentages for probabilities |
| 27 (a) <br> (b) | $\begin{gathered} 0.008 \\ 50 \end{gathered}$ | B1 <br> M1 <br> M1 <br> A1 | for 0.008 or $8 \times 10^{-3}$ <br> for conversion from km to $\mathrm{m} \mathrm{eg} 180 \times 1000(=180000)$ <br> or <br> for conversion from hours to seconds eg $180 \div(60 \times 60) \quad(=0.05)$ <br> or <br> for conversion from km per hour to metres per second, eg $1000 \div(60 \times 60) \quad(=0.277 \ldots) \quad($ Accept $(60 \times 60) \div 1000(=3.6))$ <br> for a complete process eg $180 \times 1000 \div 3600$ <br> cao | May be awarded at any stage |
| 28 | 158 | P1 <br> P1 <br> A1 | for a first step in the process <br> eg $50 \times 167.6(=8380)$ or $20 \times 182(=3640)$ <br> for a complete process eg $(50 \times 167.6-20 \times 182) \div 30$ or $\frac{8380-3640}{30}$ or $4740 \div 30$ <br> cao |  |


| Paper: 1MA1/3F |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Question | Answer | Mark | Mark scheme | Additional guidance |
| 29 (a) | 0.000675 | B1 | cao | If the answer (for 2 marks) is seen in working and then rounded or truncated, award full marks. |
|  | $6.592 \times 10^{5}$ | M1 | for $10.5472 \times 10^{3}$ oe or $1.6 \times 10^{8}$ oe or $2.575 \times 10^{-1}$ oe or for $6.592 \times 10^{n}$ where $n \neq 5$ <br> or for $6.59 \times 10^{5}$ or for $6.6 \times 10^{5}$ <br> or for 659200 oe |  |
|  |  | A1 | cao |  |
| $30 \quad(\mathrm{a})(\mathrm{i})$ <br> (ii) | $\begin{aligned} & \binom{1}{5} \\ & \binom{0}{5} \end{aligned}$ | B1 | for $\binom{1}{5}$ |  |
|  |  | M1 | for substitution of values eg $\binom{2 \times 2-4}{3 \times 2-1}$ oe | Need not be shown in brackets at this stage |
|  |  |  | OR for $\binom{0}{b}$ or $\binom{a}{5}$ where $a, b$ are integer values. |  |
|  |  | A1 | $\text { for }\binom{0}{5}$ |  |
| (b) | correct vector drawn | C1 | for a correct vector drawn from point $P$ | Need not be labelled but do not award if there is any ambiguity. |

## Modifications to the mark scheme for Modified Large Print (MLP) papers: 1MA1 3F

Only mark scheme amendments are shown where the enlargement or modification of the paper requires a change in the mark scheme.
Notes apply to both MLP papers and Braille papers unless otherwise stated.
The following tolerances should be accepted on marking MLP papers, unless otherwise stated below:
Angles: $\pm 5$ ㅇ
Measurements of length: $\pm 5 \mathrm{~mm}$

## PAPER: 1MA1_3F

| Question |  | Modification | Mark scheme notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  | Word added 'four'. Numbers left aligned. | Standard mark scheme |
| 5 |  | The wording 'Here is a list of numbers' removed and replaced with 'Below is a list of five numbers'. Numbers left aligned. | Standard mark scheme |
| 6 |  | Wording added 'Look at the diagram for Question 6 in the Diagram Booklet.' <br> The wording 'The graph shows' removed and replaced with 'It shows a graph with'. Diagram enlarged. Axes labels moved to above the vertical axis and left on the horizontal axis. Crosses changed to dots. Right axis labelled. Open headed arrows. Small squares removed | Standard mark scheme |
| 8 |  | Wording added 'Look at the table for Question 8 in the Diagram Booklet.' Table turned vertical. <br> Table enlarged | Standard mark scheme |
| 9 |  | Wording added 'Look at the diagram for Question 9 in the Diagram Booklet. The diagram shows point A on the grid.' Axes labels moved to above the vertical axis and right on the horizontal axis. <br> Cross changed to a dot. Open headed arrows. Diagram enlarged. <br> In part (b) the wording 'with a cross (X)' removed. | Standard mark scheme |
| 11 |  | Wording added 'Look at the diagram for Question 11 in the Diagram Booklet.' The wording 'Here is a cuboid' removed and replaced with The diagram shows a cuboid with length 8 cm , width 4 cm and height 5 cm .' Diagram enlarged. ' 5 cm ' label moved to left side. | Standard mark scheme |
| 12 |  | Wording added 'Look at the information in the Diagram Booklet. It shows a ratio.' Left align the ratio. | Standard mark scheme |
| 13 | (a) | Wording added 'Look at the diagram for Question 13(a) in the Diagram Booklet.' <br> Diagram enlarged and rotated to make side CD horizontal. <br> Wording added: 'Angle $\mathrm{DAB}=$ Angle $\mathrm{ABC}=120^{\circ}$; Angle $\mathrm{BCD}=80^{\circ}$; Angle CDA is marked x Angles moved outside angle arcs. Angle arcs made smaller. | Standard mark scheme |
| 13 | (b) | Wording added 'Look at the diagram for Question 13(b) in the Diagram Booklet.' <br> The word 'below' removed. Wording added 'The three angles are marked $80^{\circ}, 60^{\circ}$ and $50^{\circ}$.' Diagram enlarged. Angles moved outside angle arcs. Angle arcs made smaller. | Standard mark scheme |
| 14 |  | Wording added 'Look at the diagram for Question 14 in the Diagram Booklet.' Axes labels moved to above the vertical axis and left on the horizontal axis. Open headed arrows. Diagram enlarged. Small squares removed. Right axis labelled. Graph line thickened. Part (b) changed from 80 g to 75 g | Standard mark scheme in (a) In (b) apply the standard mark scheme for M1 but for 75 instead of 80 A1 2000 to 2250 |

## PAPER: 1MA1_3F

| Question |  | Modification | Mark scheme notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16 |  | Wording added 'Look at the table and the diagram for Question 16 in the Diagram Booklet.' Wording added 'in the Diagram Booklet'. Table enlarged. Diagram enlarged. <br> The word 'this' removed and replaced with 'the' twice. Wording added 'in the Diagram Booklet' twice. | Standard mark scheme |
| 18 |  | Shape labelled 'shape A' and another 'shape B' added. <br> Shading changed. <br> The wording 'Rotate the shaded shape $90^{\circ}$ anticlockwise about ( 0,0 )' removed and replaced with 'Describe fully the single transformation that maps shape A onto shape B.' | B2 for (i) rotation (ii) 90 <br> (iii) anticlockwise (iv) $(0,0)$ <br> Accept 270 AND clockwise for (ii) \& (iii) and "origin" for $(0,0)$ <br> (B1 for two of the above aspects) If there is any indication of any other transformation award 0 marks. |
| 19 |  | Wording added 'Look at the diagram for Question 19 in the Diagram Booklet.' Wording added 'In the Diagram Booklet'. Diagram enlarged. Small squares removed. Axes labels moved above the vertical axis and left on the horizontal axis. Right axis labelled. Open headed arrows. Graph line thickened. | Standard mark scheme |
| 20 |  | Wording added 'Look at the information for Question 20 in the Diagram Booklet.' The wording 'Here' removed and replaced with 'It shows'. Frame removed. Information left aligned | Standard mark scheme |
| 21 |  | Value changed: a to n | Standard mark scheme but note change of letter. |
| 22 |  | Equations stacked vertically and moved left with equals symbols aligned. | Standard mark scheme |
| 24 |  | Wording added 'Look at the diagram for Question 24 in the Diagram Booklet. You may be provided with a model. It is not accurate.' Diagram enlarged. Model provided. ' 160 cm ' label moved to left side. | Standard mark scheme |
| 25 |  | Wording added 'Look at the diagram for Question 25 in the DB.' Diagrams stack vertically and enlarged. Angle arcs made smaller. Arcs at C and F separated more. <br> Wording added: $\mathrm{AC}=5 \mathrm{~cm} ; \mathrm{BC}=4 \mathrm{~cm} ; \mathrm{DE}=20 \mathrm{~cm} ; \mathrm{DF}=22 \mathrm{~cm}$; 'Angle ABC = Angle DEF' ; 'Angle ACB = DFE' | Standard mark scheme |
| 26 |  | Wording added 'Look at the diagram for Question 26 in the DB.' Diagram enlarged. | Standard mark scheme |
| 30 | (b) | Wording added 'Look at the diagram for Question 30(b) in the DB.' Diagram enlarged. Cross changed to a dot. | Standard mark scheme |

